The Pyongyang Times

No. 21 (553) SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1975 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of NUFK, Arrives in Pyongyang for Goodwill Visit to the DPRK

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, arrived in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, on May 19 by special train for a goodwill visit to our country at the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, together with his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae, came out to the railway station and gladly met Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his entourage who have come carrying the feelings of friendship of the heroic Cambodian people toward our people.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk were accompanied by Princess Norodom Ket Kanya, aunt of the Head of State; Madame Pomme Peang, mother of Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk; Duong Sam Ol, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and Madame; Kou Roun, Member of the High Council of the Throne, and Madame; Pung Peng Cheng, Director of the Office of the Head of State, and Madame; Ang Kim Khoan, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Cambodia to our country, and Madame; Nou Pech, Charge d'Affaires of the Kingdom of Cambodia to the Soviet Union, and Madame; Isoup Ghanty, Diplomatic Representative of the Kingdom of Cambodia in Sweden, and Madame; Princess Norodom Boppha Devi and Princess Norodom Sorya Reungsy, daughters of the Head of State of Cambodia; Prince Norodom Ranariddh, Prince Norodom Chakrapong and Prince Norodom Narindrapong, sons of the Head of State of Cambodia; and suite.

The visit to our country by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, a staunch anti-imperialist fighter, ardent patriot of Cambodia and intimate comrade-in-arms and friend of our people, carries greater significance as it follows the historic victory of the Cambodian people in the struggle against US aggression and for national salvation. The visit is a significant event in strengthening and developing onto a new, higher stage the indestructible militant friendship and solidarity which were forged between the two peoples of Korea and Cambodia and are daily strengthening and developing in the course of the struggle to realize the common goal and ideal on the firm principles of anti-imperialist struggle.

Streets of Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, were beautifully decorated in festive attire to greet the distinguished guest.

Put in place of honour at the plaza of the railway station where the goodwill mission of the Cambodian people would arrive were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great revolutionary leader, and a portrait of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia.

Floating high above in the sky were big balloons bearing streamers reading: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live Samdech Norodom Sihanouk!" "Long live the heroic Cambodian people!" "Warm welcome to the visit" mission of the fraternal Cambodian people!" and the national flags of our country and Cambodia.

Fluttering on the flag poles and electric poles were the national flags of Korea and Cambodia, symbolic of the undying militant friendship and solidarity between the two peoples which have been further strengthened and consolidated in the flames of the struggle against US aggression and for national salvation. Hanging across the streets and on the buildings were welcome slogans written in Korean and Cambodian and decorations. Welcome arches, flag towers and welcome towers were set up in many places.

Beautiful melodies of revolutionary songs of the two countries were floating from the loudspeakers.

Tens of thousands of working people in the capital were out at the railway station carrying the national flags of the two countries, flowers and balloons in their hands to welcome the guests.

Before the arrival of the guests, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, came out to the railway station.

Present there were Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrade O Jin U and his wife, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Comrade So Chol, Comrade Kong Jin Tae, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly Hwang Jang Yop, Chairmen of the Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council, responsible functionaries of working people's organizations and Pyongyang municipal power organs, generals of the Korean People's Army, responsible men of science, education, culture, art and the press and Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of our country to the Kingdom of Cambodia Kim Un Hwan.

Also present there were staffers of the Royal Embassy of Cambodia, foreign diplomatic envoys and Cambodian students studying in our country.

At 5 p.m., the special train carrying the goodwill mission of the heroic Cambodian people slowly pulled into the railway station through rolling waves of flowers amid the playing of the welcome music and loud cheers.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk alighted from the train, waving his hand to the welcomers in acknowledgement of their enthusiastic cheers.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and hugged him warmly, and exchanged greetings with his entourage.

Lovely children presented fragrant flowers to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his entourage.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his entourage exchanged greetings with our cadres and foreign diplomatic envoys in our country.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his entourage were accompanied from the border city of Sinuiju by Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Ho Dam and his wife.

A grand welcoming ceremony for Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, was held at the railway station plaza.

The national anthem of Cambodia and the Patriotic Song of our country were played and a 21-gun salute was fired.

In company with the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk reviewed a guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army.

When the welcoming ceremony was over, the plaza was resounded again by cheers of "Manse!" (hurrah) and beautiful balloons carrying the warm feelings of friendship soared high into the

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The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly shakes hands with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk

TELEGRAMS

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Leonid Ilyich Brezhnev**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Comrade **Nikolai Viktorovich Podgorny**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR, and Comrade **Aleksei Nikolaevich Kosygin**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR, on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the victory of the Soviet people in the great Patriotic War.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Erich Honecker**, First Secretary of the CC of the German Socialist Unity Party, Comrade **Willi Stoph**, President of the State Council of the German Democratic Republic, and Comrade **Horst Sindermann**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the GDR, on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the liberation of the German people from fascism.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Gustav Husak**, General Secretary of the CC of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, and Comrade **Lubomir Strougal**, Premier of the Government of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic and Acting President of the CSR, on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the liberation of Czechoslovakia, the national holiday of the Czechoslovak people.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader, Receives Foreign Guests

ADPR Government Delegation

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on May 12 a government delegation of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Mohamed Bel-hadj Tayebi Larbi, Member of the Council of Revolution, Minister of Agriculture and Agrarian Reform of Algeria and Chairman of the National Commission of Agrarian Revolution.

On hand were Comrade Yang Hyong Sop and Chairman of the Agricultural Committee So Gwan Hi.

Bennayada Katourou, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic in Pyongyang, was also present there.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the visit of the delegation to our country and had a conversation with them in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

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The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung receives Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi of Iran

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi of Iran Visits the DPRK

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi of Iran was on a visit to our country from May 14 to 19.

Our people warmly welcomed with particularly cordial feelings Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi, a prominent political and public figure of Iran and a close and distinguished guest, who came to our country for a visit, carrying with her the sentiments of friendship from the faraway southwestern part of the Asian continent.

The airport was beautifully decorated on May 14 to greet Her Imperial Highness Princess and her party. Thousands of working women in Pyongyang gathered at the airport.

Put up with due respect in the centre of the airport were a portrait of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung and a portrait of His Imperial Majesty Shahanshah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi of Iran. Seen there were slogans reading "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" Also seen were the placards bearing the slogans: "Warm welcome to Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi on a visit to our country!" "Long live the friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Iranian peoples!" and "Long live the friendship and solidarity between the Asian, African and Latin American peoples!"

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi was warmly met at the airport by Comrade Kim Song Ae; Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk; Comrade Pak Sung Chul; Comrade Ho Dam and his wife; Hwang Jang Yop, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly; and personages concerned.

Little girls presented bouquets of fragrant flowers to the Princess and to the Iranian guests accompanying her.

The Princess exchanged greetings with foreign diplomatic envoys in our country.

At the airport a welcoming ceremony was held.

The band struck up the national anthem of Iran and the Patriotic Song of our country.

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi, in company with Comrade Kim Song Ae and Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, reviewed a guard of honour of the Korean People's Army.

Tens of thousands of women and working people in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, lined the streets to welcome her.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, together with his wife, received on May 14 Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi.

Present on the occasion were the Iranian guests accompanying her.

Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Vice-Premier Pak Sung Chul, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Ho Dam and his wife were also on hand.

Present was Ahmed Ali Bahrami, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Iran to the DPRK.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said he was happy to see her again after the elapse of 10 years and had a conversation with her in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

On the evening the same day the DPRK Central People's Committee arranged a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall in honour of Her Imperial Highness Princess on a visit to our country.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife were present at the banquet.

Invited to the banquet were Her Imperial Highness Princess and the Iranian guests accompanying her.

In his speech at the banquet, Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk said: It gives us great pleasure to sit together here in an amicable atmosphere with Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi, a prominent political and public figure of Iran and our distinguished guest.

He spoke highly of the great success the Iranian people made in their struggle to defend their country's sovereignty and national dignity and develop national economy and national culture under the correct guidance of His Imperial Majesty esteemed Shahanshah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi.

The speaker paid a tribute to Her Imperial Highness Princess for her precious exploits performed in her diversified activities to secure the prosperity of Iran and lead the Iranian women toward social progress and civilization.

Saying that Korea and Iran have formed the bonds of friendship amidst the powerful trend of the present times in which the world's people are taking the road of independence, Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk declared that the DPRK Government would, in the future, too, as in the past, exert all its efforts to develop its relations of friendship and cooperation with Iran on the principles of complete equality and independence.

In her speech at the banquet, Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi said: I am grateful to His Excellency President Kim Il Sung for his kind invitation and his warm welcome accorded to me on my arrival.

I am pleased to note, Her Imperial Highness Princess said, that the bonds of friendship and understanding between Iran and the DPRK have rapidly expanded in a short span of time since their formation.

She highly praised His Excellency President Kim Il Sung for making splendid efforts for greater happiness and prosperity of the Korean people.

The banquet proceeded in an atmosphere overflowing with friendly sentiments.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the DPRK, and his wife gave a luncheon in honour of Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi on May 16.

Invited to the luncheon were Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi and Princess Simine Atabai accompanying her.

The luncheon proceeded in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

In honour of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi, arranged a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on the evening of May 18.

Invited to the banquet were the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife.

Cadres of our country were also invited.

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi made a speech at the banquet.

Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk spoke next.

The banquet proceeded in an atmosphere overflowing with friendly sentiments.

A women's meeting was held at the People's Palace of Culture in Pyongyang on May 17 to welcome Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi.

Chairman Kim Song Ae of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Women's Union addressed the meeting.

The speaker referred to the fact that the Princess exerted active efforts for the Iranian women's movement and development of education and of external relations and carried on an energetic and many-sided activities to strengthen the friendship and solidarity among the women throughout the world.

She continued:

We highly estimate your noble activities for the happinesss of the Iranian women and for the friendship among the women of all countries of the world.

Then she touched upon the declaration the Princess made

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We Regard the Glorious Victory Achieved by the Fraternal Cambodian People in Their Anti-US, National Salvation Struggle as the Victory of the Korean People Themselves and Extend the Warmest Congratulations to Them

Speech Delivered by Comrade KIM IL SUNG

at the Banquet

Esteemed Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk,
Esteemed Cambodian guests,
Dear comrades and friends,

We are very happy to meet again in Pyongyang Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea and our most intimate friend, when the Cambodian people defeated the US imperialist aggressors and their lackeys and won a great victory, liberating the whole of the country, and we warmly welcome the visit to our country by Samdech and his entourage.

We regard the glorious victory achieved by the fraternal Cambodian people in their anti-US, national salvation struggle as the victory of the Korean people themselves and extend the warmest congratulations to Samdech Head of State and, through you Samdech, to the National United Front of Kampuchea, the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia, the entire resistance fighters at home and the Cambodian people.

This is the 10th year after we first met Samdech Head of State as comrade-in-arms with the same aim, on the same road of anti-imperialist struggle.

During this period our amity and the friendly relations between our two peoples have constantly developed in depth, not affected by any storm and stress, and now we warmly greet Samdech Head of State as a triumphal anti-imperialist fighter.

Samdech Head of State is paying the first visit to our country after the complete liberation of Cambodia. This is a manifestation of your profound trust in us and greatly encourages our people in their struggle for socialist construction and national reunification.

The victory won by the Cambodian people in the five years of fierce struggle against US aggression and for national salvation is an event of historic significance.

The Cambodian people's recent victory is the precious fruition of the heroic, arduous struggle waged by the National Liberation People's Armed Forces and the entire patriotic people led by the resistance fighters at home, who are rallied closely around the National United Front of Kampuchea with Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk as its Chairman and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia.

And this victory cannot be thought of without the unflagging activity of Samdech Head of State who has resolutely fought against the US imperialists and their stooges, displaying the staunch fighting will and patriotism never yielding to any adversities.

As soon as the US imperialists engineered the reactionary military coup in Cambodia, Samdech Head of State announced the historic 5-point statement on March 23, 1970 to rally the Cambodian people around a broad united front and initiated the summit conference of the Indochinese people, which greatly contributed to strengthening and developing their common struggle.

Through their valiant liberation struggle the Cambodian people have convincingly testified to the truth that even a small nation can vanquish a big enemy if they hold fast to the independence and bravely fight in disregard of sacrifices, and they have made a great contribution to the third world people's common cause of anti-imperialism.

Now a bright vista has opened before the Cambodian people for building a new, prosperous society, while consolidating the victory already won and smashing the continued subversive activities and sabotages by the US imperialists.

The Special National Congress of Cambodia held some time ago advanced the task in the new stage of history in Cambodia—the task of building an independent, peaceful, neutral and territorially integrated, non-aligned Cambodia.

We assure you that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will firmly stand by the fraternal Cambodian people and continue to give active support and encouragement to their just cause; and we sincerely wish them greater victories in their future struggle.

Dear comrades and friends,

Following the Cambodian people's victory the South Vietnamese people also won a historic victory, completely liberating the whole of their territory.

The US imperialists threw hundreds of thousands of troops and poured millions upon millions of dollars into Indochina, but they were kicked out and their lackeys were ruined in the end. This shows that the time has gone never to return when the imperialists could behave at will in the East and no force can stop the process of total disintegration of imperialist colonial system.

The US imperialists are still bluffing, but they will be driven out of south Korea and all other parts of Asia where they set foot, by the concerted action of the revolutionary Asian people.

The present situation is daily turning in favour of our revolution.

Our people will put fresh spurs to socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, actively support the south Korean people's struggle against fascism and for democracy and strengthen unity with the world's progressive people, so that they will check and frustrate the US imperialists' manoeuvres for aggression and war against Korea and surely achieve the historic cause of national reunification before long.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I would like to extend my profound thanks to the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia for having actively supported and encouraged our people in their struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland and, particularly, to Samdech Head of State for having rendered an invaluable, great help to our people's cause of national reunification through his dynamic state activity.

The Korean people will advance hand in hand forever with the Cambodian people and in firm unity with all the progressive people in Asia and the rest of the world in the anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist common struggle.

In conclusion, allow me to propose a toast:

to the great victory gained by the Cambodian people in the anti-US, national salvation struggle,

to the eternal militant friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Cambodian peoples,

to the long life and good health of esteemed Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk,

to the health of all the Cambodian guests,

to the health of diplomatic envoys of various countries and their wives and,

to the health of all comrades and friends present here.

Under the Brilliant Leadership of His Excellency President KIM IL SUNG the Korean People Will Surely Realize in the Near Future the Country's Reunification after Expelling the US Imperialists from South Korea

Speech Delivered by Samdech NORODOM SIHANOUK

at the Banquet

Most respected and beloved Your Excellency Marshal President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

It is with infinite emotion and pride that today I have the great honour of paying to Your Excellency most illustrious and great leader of the Korean people the vibrant and fervent homage of the Cambodian people, the National United Front of Kampuchea, the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia and the Cambodian National Liberation People's Armed Forces that achieved final victory over US imperialism, the aggressor, and its lackeys, the Lon Nol clique, by liberating our capital Pinom Penh and the whole territory of our country one month ago.

This victory which Your Excellency great hero of our revolutionary and anti-imperialist Asia are magnificently celebrating this evening is also the victory of the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea which under the wisest leadership of Your Excellency accorded unconditional support and diversified aid to our just cause and national salvation struggle and expressed total, militant and powerful solidarity from the first day of this struggle till its triumphant conclusion.

As Head of State of totally liberated Cambodia, I have the supreme happiness and the supreme honour of visiting your country to express the most profound, eternal gratitude of the Cambodian people, the NUFK, the RGNUC, the CNLPAF and my own to Your Excellency respected and beloved, great leader of the heroic Korean people and to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Most respected and beloved Your Excellency Marshal President of the Republic,

Most respected Madame President Kim Song Ae,

Each time we came to your country, so beautiful and so developed, and to its brilliant capital, most respected Your Excellencies and the fraternal Korean people, your prestigious Party and your eminent government accorded a particularly warm, kind and grand welcome to our delegation, to my wife and myself.

We extend most respectful thanks from the bottom of our hearts to you for this and consider your so kind solicitude as an expression of the fine friendship and most valuable support of special importance to the entire Cambodian people and nation through us humble personnel.

In your unforgettable speeches to us Your Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved, great leader of the Korean people, who bring into magnificent bloom so pure, so beautiful and so intimate amity indestructibly uniting our two countries, two peoples, two governments and two Heads of State, express most noble, most generous and most emotional sentiments.

In your noble speech this evening, Your Excellency President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea recalled with extreme tenderness the fraternal amity uniting for ever Heads of State of our two countries from 1965, when we, together with President Sukarno, our dear brother who passed away to our sorrow, celebrated the tenth anniversary of the historic Afro-Asian Bandung Conference in Indonesia.

Today we celebrate the tenth anniversary of our fraternal amity and, at the same time, the complete liberation of Cambodia and our common victory over the US imperialists who invaded Cambodia in 1970.

And my current visit is the tenth visit in the ten years during which I have had the great honour and intensive happiness of visiting the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

I express my infinite gratitude to Your Excellency most respected and beloved Marshal Kim Il Sung for your innumerable benefits including those to my venerable mother Her Majesty Queen who passed away to our deepest sorrow, and for the very important aid to be accorded by Your Excellency in the name of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to us in our national reconstruction.

Excellencies,
Messieurs, Mesdames,

Last month, five years and one month after the start of the terrible war which was imposed upon us by odious injustice, US imperialism ran away from our country, leaving behind it ignominious traces of innumerable and unpardonable crimes.

In this war among us Cambodians who are no more than seven million, one million compatriots died, nearly one million compatriots were seriously injured or crippled and more than two million other compatriots went totally bankrupt, having their towns and villages, houses, dry and paddy fields, cattle and other property totally destroyed by the mass destruction weapons of the United States of America.

Our only "crime" was that we stubbornly refused to become a neo-colony of the United States and refused our disunity with the fraternal Vietnamese people who had struggled against US imperialism, the aggressor, and for liberating the south of the fatherland.

In our country, only the traitorous clique of Lon Nol, "Pak Jung Hi" of Phnom Penh, were bought over by the US imperialists and colonialists in March 1970.

Our military victory over US imperialism and its lackeys today leaves us a protracted and staunch struggle to win victory in the reconstruction of our country lying in ruins and in the construction of a new Cambodia, a new society truly democratic and equal, where the working people, especially, the workers and peasants, are the sole master of the destinies of the nation and state power and where there will be neither the rich nor the poor any longer, in other words, a new society of Cambodia belonging to the only one class.

To win a new victory which they aspire after, the Cambodian people, the NUFK, the RGNUC and the CNLPAF are working day and night and being organised with an indomitable revolutionary faith.

This indomitable revolutionary faith enables them to solve the most complicated problem and overcome the greatest obstacles created by the US imperialists and their accomplices who are frantically persisting in a sinister plot to wreck our historic revolution beyond our frontiers.

We are confident that our revolution will bring about a shining, historic result.

Because on the road of revolution the Cambodian people are greatly inspired and powerfully encouraged by the precious example of the Korean revolution led by President Kim Il Sung and great and historic victories gained in the revolution of the Korean people, the most glorious among all revolutions and the brilliant and immortal cause of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the sun of the Korean nation.

First as Asians and next as revolutionaries the Cambodians under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea are extremely proud of the superb and shining results made in the building of socialism and communism in the most authoritative Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the gigantic cause which has always been led, since the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea, by the great leader, the father of the nation and the Party, the Party which will celebrate its 30th birthday on October 10 this year with the greatest glory.

Under the genial and most patriotic leadership of His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, Head of State and father of the Party, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has made world record breaking enormous successes in the national construction and general development of the country in recent years.

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sky. The plaza turned into the stage of graceful peasant dance, fan dance, magnolia dance, drum dance and azalea dance.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk with broad smiles on their faces got into the car and headed for the guest house.

Courtesy Call

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk made a courtesy call on the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae on May 20.

Present on the occasion was the entourage of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk.

Also present were leading cadres of our country.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a conversation with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk in a warm and friendly atmosphere overflowing with fraternity.

Talks

Talks between Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, were held in Pyongyang on May 20.

At the talks, views were exchanged on the question of further consolidating and developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of the two countries of Korea and Cambodia and on international problems of common concern and a series of other questions.

The talks proceeded in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Banquet

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, arranged a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall in honour of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and Madame Sihanouk.

Invited to the banquet were Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk and their entourage.

Present there were leading cadres of our country.

Invited to the banquet were staffers of the Royal Embassy of Cambodia and diplomatic representatives of foreign countries in Pyongyang and Cambodian students studying in our country.

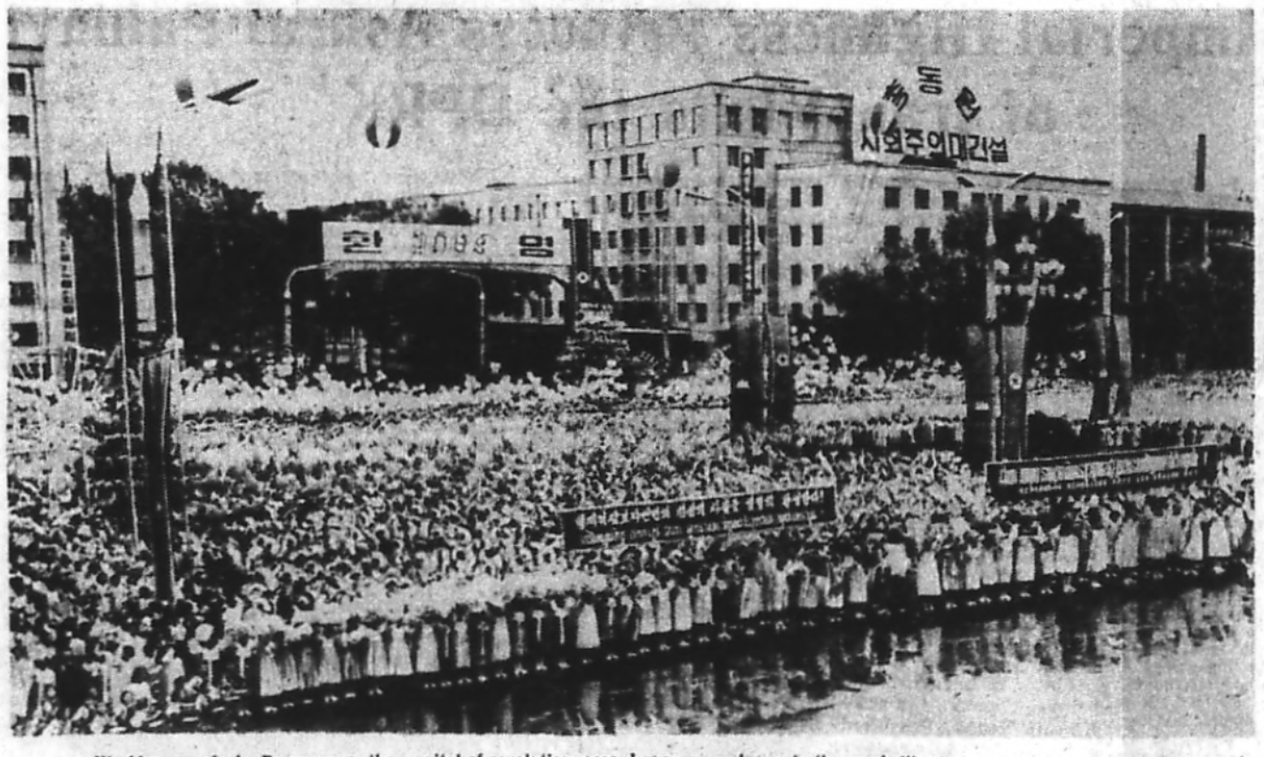
The banquet began with the playing of the national anthem of Cambodia and the Patriotic Song of our country.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made a speech at the banquet.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk spoke next.

The banquet proceeded in a warm atmosphere overflowing with militant friendship and solidarity.

A performance was given at the banquet by artists of the Mansudae Art Troupe.



Working people in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, accord a warm welcome to the goodwill mission of the Cambodian people

COMRADE KIM IL SUNG, THE RESPECTED AND BELOVED LEADER, RECEIVES FOREIGN GUESTS

(Continued from Page 1)

The head of the delegation said that it was a great honour for them to be received by the great leader of the Korean people His Excellency President Kim Il Sung.

Entrusted by His Excellency Houari Boumedienne, President of the Council of Revolution and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic, the head of the delegation stressed: I take this opportunity to convey the warm greetings of His Excellency President to the respected and beloved leader and confirm the complete solidarity of the Algerian people, the National Liberation Front, the Council of Revolution and His Excellency President in person with the just struggle of the Korean people for the country's reunification.

The respected and beloved leader expressed thanks for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey, back home, his warm greetings to His Excellency President Houari Boumedienne, the National Liberation Front, the Council of Revolution and the entire Algerian people. The respected and beloved leader said that he was very pleased with the fact that under the leadership of His Excellency President Houari Boumedienne the Algerian people are achieving big successes in their struggle to consolidate sovereignty and independence, holding aloft the banner of the industrial revolution, agrarian revolution and cultural revolution.

The delegation presented the respected and beloved leader with a gift it had prepared with best wishes.

Government Delegation of Republic of Senegal

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on May 12 a government delegation of the Republic of Senegal on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Louis Alexandrenne, Minister of Industrial Development and Environment of the Republic of Senegal.

Ho Dam, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, and Chong Song Nam, Minister of External Economic Affairs, were present there.

On hand was Aly Dioum, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Senegal to our country.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said that he was glad of the visit of the delegation to our country and had a conversation with them in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed the friendly greetings of His Excellency Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of the Republic of Senegal, to the respected and beloved leader.

The respected and beloved leader expressed thanks for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey his hearty greetings to His Excellency President Leopold Sedar Senghor. The respected and beloved leader said that he was grateful for the many-sided, active support of His Excellency President Leopold Sedar Senghor and the Government of the Republic of Senegal to our people's struggle.

The head of the delegation stressed that it was their bounden duty to support the Korean people in their struggle to defend the independence of the country and reunify the fatherland artificially divided by the imperialists.

Delegation of Information Ministry of Republic of Sierra Leone

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on May 13 a delegation of the Information Ministry of the Republic of Sierra Leone which was on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by A.B.M. Kamara, Minister of Information and Broadcasting of the Republic of Sierra Leone.

Ho Dam, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, and Kim Gwan Sop, Chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, were present there.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a conversation with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere. He said: It is in the interests of the peoples of the two countries that the state relations between the two countries, Korea and Sierra Leone, are rapidly developing. It is a very good thing.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed the fraternal, warmest greetings of His Excellency Siaka Probyn Stevens, President of the Republic of Sierra Leone, to the respected and beloved leader.

The respected and beloved leader said he was glad of this and asked the head of the delegation to convey his warm greetings to His Excellency President Siaka Probyn Stevens and expressed thanks to His Excellency President and the Sierra Leonean people for their many-sided support to the cause of our country's reunification.

The head of the delegation said that he was deeply impressed in Korea this time by the splendid progress which the great Korean people have made in so short a span of time after the country's liberation from the tyranny of Japan and the defeat of the aggression of US imperialism. He stressed that the Juche philosophy run through with independence in politics, economy and culture, which was propounded by His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, has not only produced rich fruit in Korea but also evoked the admiration of the world's people. We are greatly inspired by the valuable successes and experiences of the Korean people, he said.

DPRK Establishes Diplomatic Relations with Republic of Kenya at Ambassadorial Level

A joint communique on the establishment of diplomatic relations and exchange of diplomatic representatives between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Kenya was released in New York on May 12.

The joint communique said:

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Republic of Kenya agreed upon establishing diplomatic relations and exchanging diplomatic representatives at ambassadorial level between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Kenya to further strengthen and develop the friendly relations and cooperation existing between the two countries.

The joint communique was signed, authorized by the DPRK Government, by Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Kwon Min Jun, Permanent Observer of the DPRK to the United Nations, and, authorized by the Government of the Republic of Kenya, by Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Chales Gatere Maina, Permanent Representative of the Republic of Kenya to the UN. **(KCNA)**

Diplomatic Relations between DPRK and SRUB Established at Ambassadorial Level

A report on the establishment of diplomatic relations between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma was issued.

The report said that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma agreed on May 16, 1975, to establish diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level between the two countries for the further strengthening and development of the relations of friendship and cooperation existing between the two countries. **(KCNA)**

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Republic of Zaire to Our Country

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on May 16 Kimasi Matwiku Bassaula, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Zaire to our country.

Present on the occasion was Ho Dam, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister.

The ambassador courteously conveyed to the respected and beloved leader a personal letter of His Excellency Mobutu Sese Seko Kuku Ngbendu Wa Za Banga, President of the Republic of Zaire.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks for the personal letter sent by His Excellency President Mobutu Sese Seko asked the ambassador to convey his warm greetings to His Excellency President and had a conversation with the ambassador in a friendly atmosphere.

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi of Iran Visits the DPRK

(Continued from Page 1)

public on the occasion of the International Women's Year, which called for taking concrete steps to put an end to the sexual discrimination. We consider that it would be of great significance in the development of world women's movement and extend active support to this declaration, the speaker said.

She declared that the Korean women had keen interest in the "Conference on International Women's Year" and would bend unstinted efforts to bring the work of the conference to success.

She pointed to a happy life our women are leading under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Then she noted that His Imperial Highness Prince Abdor Reza Pahlavi's visit to our country last year was of great significance in promoting the friendship between our two countries.

The speaker went on:

We believe that the current visit of the Princess to our country will also mark an important occasion in deepening the mutual understanding and friendship between the peoples and women of the two countries and developing cooperation in various fields.

In her speech, Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi spoke highly of the comprehensive and far-sighted approach of the great leader President Kim Il Sung to the question of women in the DPRK.

She referred to the Conference on International Women's Year to be held in Mexico City next month. Then she said:

Indeed, it is with great pleasure that I learn that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea intends to send an important delegation to this international forum.

I am convinced that the tremendous strides that have been taken in this industrious country during the past years in favour of women will act as an example of what can be realized elsewhere in the world.

A grand Pyongyang mass rally was held on May 18 in Pyongyang Gymnasium to welcome Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi.

Present at the rally were many working people in the city and soldiers of the People's Army. Also present were leading functionaries of the government bodies and working people's organizations, generals of the Korean People's Army and leading personages from scientific, educational, cultural, art and press circles.

Put in place of honour on the platform of the meeting hall were a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and a portrait of His Imperial Majesty Shahanshah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi of Iran. The portraits were flanked by the national flags of our country and Iran.

When Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi appeared on the platform to the strains of the welcome music, the attendants warmly welcomed her with loud applause.

The platform was taken by Comrade Kim Song Ae, Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Comrade Ho Dam and his wife, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly Hwang Jang Yop and other personages concerned.

Invited to the platform were also Iranian guests accompanying the Princess and Iranian ambassador.

At the meeting Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee Kang Hyon Su made a welcome speech.

After concluding his speech he conveyed to the Princess a silk banner in the name of the mass meeting amid the warm applause of the attendants.

The banner was embroidered in gold thread with letters: "Long live the friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Iranian peoples!"

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi took the floor next.

Separate as we are by the vast mass of the Asian continent, there are many similarities of outlook and aspiration that bring us together, she said.

She quoted the great leader President Kim Il Sung as teaching: **"The basis of the Juche idea is that man is the master of all things and the decisive factor in everything. Remaking nature and society is also for people and it is work done by them."**

She went on:

The few days that I have spent in your beautiful capital provided me with an excellent opportunity to appreciate the great progress achieved in all fields under the wise leadership of President Kim Il Sung.

The successes scored by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in a short span of time are certainly worthy of praise.

Your President's sacrifices for the welfare of his countrymen are well-known and entitle him richly to the love and respect of his people.

We sincerely hope that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will continue to make even greater progress under his dynamic leadership.

The rally was a powerful demonstration of the friendship and solidarity between the peoples of the two countries, Korea and Iran, closely linked with each other because of the community of the past situation and the identity of the present struggle to create a new life.

During their stay in our country, the Princess and other Iranian guests visited the historic site, Mangyongdae, and laid wreaths before the grave of grandfather and grandmother of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the grave of his father and mother.

They also inspected the Pyongyang September 15 Week Nursery, the Korean Feature Film Studio and the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace and saw the revolutionary opera "The Song of Kumgang-san Mountain".

Some members inspected the Pyongyang Metro and the Central Iudustrial-Agricultural Exhibition.

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi left Pyongyang on May 19 after successfully concluding her itinerary.

She was warmly seen off at the airport by Comrade Kim Song Ae, Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, and Chairman Hwang Jang Yop of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, as well as many women in Pyongyang.

Her current visit to the DPRK greatly contributed to further expanding the relations of friendship and cooperation between Korea and Iran.

Her Imperial Highness Princess Ashraf Pahlavi is warmly welcomed by tens of thousands of women and working people in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution

(Continued from Page 2)

Some of the records aroused enthusiasm among all the peoples of the third world and evoked the admiration of the whole world.

They are, among other things, the realization of the general electrification of the country, abolition of tax impositions, direct and indirect, and the world record in cereal cultivation from the point of per hectare tonnage of grain and from the point of annual growth of cereal production and from the point of the total harvest which will reach the fantastic height of eight million tons of grain.

What I want to add is the fantastic development made in heavy and light industries and in the domains, social, cultural, public health, technical, technological and scientific. Many goals envisaged for the Six-Year Plan have already been surpassed by far.

In a matter of 30 years the Korean people under the leadership of the great fatherly leader have accomplished prodigious and unsurpassable exploits.

In face of the most heroic armed struggle waged two times Japanese colonialism and its lackey local feudalism met their end and US imperialism, most powerful and cruelest and most ferocious aggressor in the world which had boasted of being invincible, sustained a defeat.

On ruins left by Japanese colonialism and US imperialism the Korean people, led by the respected and beloved, great leader, valiantly rose and reconstructed Korea and converted it in a short span of time into one of the most powerful, most developed and most advanced countries in the world, into a veritable communist paradise.

This is an incomparable victory of our third world, which is driving imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism, Zionism, racism and fascism into the position of irremediable defeat.

Because thanks to the most brilliant example set by Korea of President Kim Il Sung which is armed with the Juche idea and dashing forward like wind at the Chollima speed, the myth about "invincibility" of US imperialism and other evil forces, the myth about "inaptitude" of the third world countries to believe in their strength and possess sufficient science and technique for freeing themselves from "underdevelopment" and the myth about the "vital necessity" of the third world to accept a "compromise" with big powers have been smashed and buried.

Most respected and beloved Your Excellency Marshal President of the Republic,

Most respected Madame President Kim Song Ae,

Respected Your Excellencies,

Messieurs, Mesdames,

Dear friends,

When the "dominos" of Cambodia and Viet Nam which had been neo-colonies and military bases of US imperialism "collapsed", US publications, publications of the so-called "free world" and personages of the so-called "free world" say almost in unison that the "theory of dominos" put forward by the US imperialists a few years ago is being applied in Southeast Asia and will be inevitably applied in other countries of the third world.

According to the "theory of dominos", if the first and second "dominos" fell, other dominos cannot "stand" long. It is that dominos fall one after another.

I do not think such supposition is totally nonsensical. Because the peoples of other countries of the third world are being encouraged by the victorious example set by the Vietnamese people, particularly by the Cambodian people who were a poor and small people not tempered in the war when they were brutally invaded by the US imperialists without a "forewarning".

These other peoples think: now that the small Cambodian people defeated imperialism, the most powerful and most obstinate neo-colonialism in the world, and chased it out of their country, why can't other peoples, victimized by the same imperialism or other vicious force weaker than the former, liberate themselves this time?

Today the Lao people, the Thai people, the Philippine people and the peoples of other countries are struggling against US imperialism to liberate themselves from the yoke of US imperialism, the veritable colonialist imperialism.

In south Korea, the people are waging a heroic struggle which is growing fiercer and stauncher day by day, against the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique in order to free themselves from the traitorous clique of Pak Jung Hi, the totally rotten "Lon Nol" of Seoul, in the not distant future, regain freedom, realize democracy and social justice, achieve a peaceful reunification with the glorious north of the fatherland and meet again in the bosom of His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, the only fatherly leader.

Of course, the traitorous clique of Pak Jung Hi with the support of the United States and the Japanese reactionaries are perpetrating immeasurable and abominable crimes, committing foul arch-fascist, anti-national and anti-popular acts against south Korean patriots, young and old, urban dwellers, peasants, collegians, workers, journalists and churchmen, in the frantic and vain hope of saving themselves from the imminent doom after the shameful end of Lon Nol in Phnom Penh and Nguyen Van Thieu in Saigon.

The Gerald Ford-Henry Kissinger government, on its part, is intensifying bellicose provocations, unhesitatingly making the shameless announcement that the US troops would remain in the land of south Korea to the end and brandishing "tactical" nuclear weapons in the area near the Military "Demarcation Line" between the north and south of Korea, thus deliberately creating a threat to world peace.

The criminal acts of Pak Jung Hi and the bellicose provocations of Gerald Ford and Henry Kissinger will conceal before the world people neither the extreme feebleness of US imperialism which is no more than a colossus on two clay legs rather than a paper tiger nor the extreme fear of the two cliques in Seoul and Washington who are faced with the steady, firm victorious struggle of the Korean people.

His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, the most respected and beloved, great leader, said rightly and wisely:

"Now that the colonial system of imperialism is in the process of total disintegration the colonial rule of US imperialism in south Korea will never remain intact, either."

The respected and beloved leader of the Korean people continued:

"If the enemy ignites war recklessly, we shall resolutely answer it with war and completely destroy the aggressors."

We, Cambodians who regard it as a great honour to be intimate friends and comrades-in-arms of the fraternal Korean people will stand for ever on your side, always share joy and sorrow with you and exert all efforts to make a sincere contribution, within all our means and possibilities though feeble, to achieving the final victory of the just and noble cause of the independent reunification of the country which you are carrying out.

In this connection, the entire Cambodian people solemnly reaffirm their full support to the three principles and five-point proposition for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea laid down by His Excellency President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved, great leader of the Korean people.

We absolutely believe that this reunification will be realized in the not distant future.

Before concluding my speech, I, in the name of the Cambodian people and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia, express deep thanks to the fraternal Korean people and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea under the wise leadership of His Excellency most respected and beloved President Kim Il Sung that energetically denounced the dastardly armed aggression perpetrated by the US troops against our country recently, May 13, 14 and 15, 1975.

US imperialism dislikes our country which succeeded in chasing it totally and definitely out of Phnom Penh and the sacred territory of Cambodia through five years and one month of the arduous struggle without accepting truce or negotiations or any compromise.

The pretext for the US new criminal and dastardly aggression was the fact that our young marines were compelled to seize the US ship "Mayaguez" that violated the territorial waters of our country on May 12.

The USA asserted that it proposed to take diplomatic steps with our government for the release of "Mayaguez" and it hurled their armed forces against us as all hopes of retaking the American ship and bringing about the safe repatriation of her crew were dispelled.

In fact, the RGNUC was not informed of any diplomatic steps.

The USA attacked our country for three consecutive days just one day after the seizure of "Mayaguez" by mobilizing their aircraft and helicopters and marines and naval vessels belonging to the powerful US Seventh Fleet.

This was the combat between "elephant"—the USA—and "ant"—Cambodia—which shows the extreme dastardliness of the American "super-power".

This dastardliness went the length of savagely bombing our city, port, oil refinery and railway of Sihanoukville and the airport and a small naval base of our Ream in the Gulf of Siam several hours after we let the American ship "Mayaguez" and her crew safely go back.

US President Gerald Ford was so shameless as to claim their aero-naval forces gained very great "success" in the battle against us despite the fact that their formidable forces sank just two of our vessels whereas we shot down four US helicopters and killed some 30 US elite combatants.

The so-called US "victory" is in fact another ignominious defeat sustained by the US imperialists, the defeat which adds to the total defeats which the Democratic People's Republic of Korea already inflicted upon the US Marine, particularly in the "Pueblo" incident.

The revolutionary peoples of Korea, China and Indochina continue and will continue hand in hand the just struggle against US imperialism, which must quit our region because we are in our region and the USA has no right to stay in our country.

Under the brilliant leadership of the fatherly leader the heroic Korean people will surely realise in the near future the country's reunification after expelling the US imperialists from south Korea.

It is with this conviction that I, together with all our compatriots present here, propose to drink:

to the health and longevity of and glory to His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

to the health and longevity of Madame President Kim Song Ae,

to the prosperity of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

to the happiness and success of the Korean people,

to the complete victory in the struggle of the patriotic south Korean people against the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique and their master, US imperialism,

to the liberation, in the near future, of south Korea and its reunification with the glorious north,

to the indestructible amity uniting the Cambodian and Korean peoples,

to the victory of the Asian, Arab, Palestinian, African and Latin American peoples over imperialism, old and new colonialism, Zionism, racism and fascism,

to the health of Their Excellencies Messieurs and Mesdames high personalities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

to the health of Their Excellencies Messieurs and Mesdames of diplomatic corps present here,

to the health of all the Korean brothers and sisters present here and

to the health of all friends present here.

Historic Battle Which Brought About New Upsurge in Korean Revolution

On the Occasion of the 36th Anniversary of the Victorious Battle in Musan Area

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in personal command of the main units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army advanced deep into the homeland and organized and directed the historic battle in the Musan area in May 1939. Thirty-six years have passed since then.

The battle in the Musan area was fought in accordance with the line of advancing into the homeland, set forth by the great leader at a meeting at Peitatingtzu in April that year.

At the historic meeting, the leader reviewed that the KPRA units crushed the enemy's desperate offensive and victoriously completed the 100-odd-day-long arduous march during the winter, and he put forward the line of switching over to a general counteroffensive and advancing into the Musan area, without giving the enemy a breathing spell.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said in the following vein:

While the enemy forces are dog-tired from their winter operation and dispersed in their rest camps, our army should rally its forces and deal them successive blows. By doing this, we will replenish our clothing, food and ammunition, advance into the homeland to light the torch of liberation for our people, rouse them to struggle afresh by restoring the wrecked revolutionary organizations and raise higher the torch of national liberation.

The leader's line represented the wisest measure taken on the basis of his immovable, Juche-oriented stand that the Korean people should be responsible for carrying the Korean revolution through to the end and of his scientific analysis of the situation then prevailing.

In those days the Japanese imperialists stepped up their brigandish plunder and fascist suppression of the Korean people as never before, while running amuck to expand the war of aggression on the continent.

In particular, they mobilized their large armed forces in their frenzied operation to "completely wipe out" the KPRA and destroyed the revolutionary organizations in Korea at random. At the same time they wildly spread a false rumor: "The communist army forces have been either frozen or starved to death in the mountains", in an attempt to induce our people to renounce their wholehearted expectation and hope for the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation.

In such situation the great leader set forth the positive revolutionary line as mentioned above and led the KPRA units to advance into the homeland again, denying himself even a short time to lessen the fatigue of the arduous march.

On May 18, 1939, the KPRA units under his command crossed the Amnok-gang River after breaking through the enemy's tight frontier guard and sallied to the Musan area. During a week that followed, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung directed several engagements at Taehongdan and other places and won a brilliant victory, dealing serious blows to the Japanese imperialist aggressors. On the other hand, he briskly conducted political work among the people.

The KPRA's advance into the homeland and great victory in the battle in the Musan area was a precious fruition of the leader's immortal Juche idea, his revolutionary iron will to pull through any storm and stress and bring about continued upsurge in the revolutionary struggle, his exceptional revolutionary sweep and his immeasurable fidelity to the revolution.

Particularly noteworthy is that the great leader successfully handled the difficult and complex situation and led the offensive operation in the homeland to shining victory by resorting to unheard-of protean tactics and superb, Juche-oriented methods of warfare — concentration and dispersion, decoying and ambush, quick action and counter-siege, etc.

The victorious battle organized and directed by the great leader in the Musan area gave fresh conviction of victory to our people who were groaning under Japanese imperialist colonial rule, and roused them powerfully to the anti-Japanese struggle. This made it possible to effect a new upsurge in the Korean revolution as a whole.

The happy news of the KPRA's routing the Japanese imperialist aggressors and winning victory in the Musan area spread across the country in a flash and the feelings of unbounded reverence for and trust in the great leader reigned all over the 3,000-ri land.

Firmly convinced that as long as the Korean revolution was guided by the leader, the Japanese imperialists would certainly be defeated, the country restored, the people became even more energetic in their sacred struggle against Japanese imperialism and for national liberation.

The victory of the battle in the Musan area, which demonstrated the ever-growing might of the KPRA, struck a telling blow, political and military, at the Japanese imperialist aggressors, thereby shaking the system of their colonial rule to its very foundation.

Moreover, it brought to full light the incapability and corruption of the armed forces of the Japanese imperialists who boasted that "the communist army has been annihilated" and that they were the "crack units". It gave a fatal blow to the policy of colonial rule they pursued frantically under the catchwords "Koreans and Japanese are descended from one and the same ancestor" and "Korea and Japan is one".

The great victory of the battle in the Musan area reaffirmed the revolutionary truth that the counter-revolutionary violence can be vanquished only with the revolutionary violence, and clearly showed that a country, though weak, can knock down any wicked foes if it fights to the last, putting faith in its own strength and relying firmly on the energy of its people.

Observing the 36th anniversary of the victory of the historic battle in the Musan area organized and directed by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, the sun of the nation and legendary hero, we Korean people are filled with a firm resolve to carry forward generation after generation the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our glorious Party which were created by the leader and wage an ever more vigorous struggle to thoroughly accomplish the revolutionary cause initiated by him.

Li Chang Gyu

"One Step Makes a Thousand Miles" Tactics

"One step makes a thousand miles" tactics is one of the superb guerilla tactics personally created and applied by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung during the arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The essence of the tactics lies not merely in the fact that the guerillas may go a thousand *ri* in a single day but in the fact that they strike the enemy by pretending to move far away, but coming right under the nose of the enemy; or while marching majestically with a large force, suddenly shifting to a dispersed march.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung employed this tactics and put the enemy troops on the defensive, dealing annihilating blows at them, in May 1939 when he advanced into the Musan area with the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army under his personal command.

Perplexed at the advance of the KPRA into the homeland, the enemy mobilized a huge armed force in the areas of Pegaebong, Mt. Potae-san and Mt. Tok-san and spread an encircling net in a foolish attempt to bar the KPRA's military and political activities.

Seeing through the enemy's moves and tactics, the leader ordered his units to camp at Chongbong on May 18 and at Konchang the following day, which was only 4 kilometres off there.

The enemy forces groped about in search of the KPRA units, calculating that they were already far away, but to no avail.

After his arrival in Pegaebong on May 20, the leader drew up an operational plan to march into the Musan area over the enemy's military road and make a surprise attack where the enemy was weak. In mapping out the plan he took advantage of the enemy's weak point of directing attention only to mountain areas and throwing a tighter cordon at night rather than daytime.

The next day the KPRA units under the personal command of the leader marched boldly in fine array in broad daylight along the 100-ri Kapsan-Musan military road and moved swiftly to the Musan area. The Japanese imperialists had constructed this road in their efforts to "mop up" the KPRA. Because an opening ceremony had been planned, the road had been kept clean for inspection.

Under the masterly command of the leader the KPRA units mowed down the enemy forces in this area in an instant and won a signal victory.

The Japanese imperialist invaders trembled with anxiety and fear, pessimistically calling the bold and superb guerilla tactics of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the military strategist of genius, the "ghost tactics of climbing into the clouds, hiding underground, appearing and disappearing at will".

Kim Gwang Su

Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique Must Immediately Stop Frantic "Anti-Communist" Row Inciting Antagonism, Confrontation and Split and Desist from New War Provocation Manoeuvres

Statement of the Korean Central News Agency

In connection with the ominous row kicked up by the south Korean puppet clique recently under the pretext of the "threat of southward invasion", the Korean Central News Agency was authorized to state as follows:

We are closely watching the situation prevailing in south Korea today.

As already reported, Pak Jung Hi, the boss of the fascist group of south Korea, made public a "special statement" some time ago. In this statement he, maliciously bespattering us, forced slavish submission upon the south Korean people and openly cried out that he would give up the dialogue and "fight and win" over us.

Following this, he is staging such frantic farces as "anti-communist meetings" and "meetings for security and unity" in all parts of south Korea by herding out people at the point of bayonets, and frenziedly whipping up the confrontation and hostility between the north and the south, forcing them to shout "prevail-over-communism" and "vanquish communism" almost every day.

Furthermore, the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique proclaimed the draconic "emergency decree No. 9" unprecedented in history, which surpasses all the fascist decrees of suppression they had issued one after another under the signboard of "anti-communism" and completely stuffed the mouths and ears of the south Korean people and blindfolded them and plunged the whole land of south Korea into a state of unheard-of darkness and suffocation.

Simultaneously with this, the south Korean bellicose elements have set up the "supra-extraordinary war-time system" throughout south Korea as if something would break out at once and are more recklessly perpetrating hostile acts towards the northern half of the Republic, harping on such powder-reeking war slogans as "all-out security" and "state of war".

It is none other than the US imperialists, the chieftain of aggression and war, the author of the split of Korea and the very one seeking the permanent occupation of south Korea, who give a shot in the arm of the moribund Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and drive them to such reckless row of "anti-communist" fascist suppression and war manoeuvres.

Recently Ford and others in the US authorities proclaimed at will south Korea as their "forward defence area", twaddling that they would "observe and maintain" the so-called "military commitments" to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, and went the length of openly making aggressive outbursts that they would "not withdraw the US troops", "launch all-out military intervention if necessary" and would not "hesitate the use of nuclear weapons".

The KCNA vehemently denounces all these reckless acts of the US authorities and the Pak Jung Hi clique, branding them as a virulent criminal act against the south Korean people who oppose fascism and desire democracy, a vicious challenge to the entire Korean people who want to achieve the country's reunification on the three principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity and an intolerable insult to the world's people who want a durable peace in Korea and the rest of Asia.

All these frantic rackets in south Korea are nothing but the death-bed convulsion and the last-ditch efforts of the aggressors and the traitors seized with extreme uneasiness and fear in face of the situation within and without which is rapidly turning unfavourable to them. This reminds one of a thief scared by his own shadow.

Internally, the Pak Jung Hi clique, confronted with the ever mounting anti-puppet, anti-dictatorial struggle of the south Korean people, plus a catastrophic economic crisis and an extreme confusion and contradictions within the puppet clique, are now in such a position where it is difficult to maintain the puppet regime. Externally, they are in a sad position of lone puppet as their fellow puppets of Asia such as Lon Nol of Cambodia and Thieu of South Viet Nam bit the dust one after another.

The Pak Jung Hi clique, destined to the miserable lot of being thrown into the dustbin of history, forsaken by the era and people, are making desperate efforts to find a way out in intensifying the unheard-of fascist repression and war manoeuvres under the signboard of "anti-communism".

As for the "threat of southward invasion" which the Pak Jung Hi clique use like a talisman, it is a sheer fabrication and a foolish political deceptive trick which they employ to divert elsewhere the attention of the people each time they face a crisis internally.

"Unity of public opinion", "national harmony" and the like the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are advocating, raising a hue and cry over the fictitious "threat of southward aggression" are precisely the other side of their slogan of division and war, for they were concocted with the aim of splitting and disorganizing the ranks of the anti-puppet and anti-dictatorial struggle of the south Korean people, stifling their movement for democracy and justifying this suppression.

"Unification by prevailing over communism" and "unification by vanquishing communism" cried for by the Pak Jung Hi military gangsters mean fighting communism and wiping it out to "achieve reunification". This is a fantastic daydream and a nonsensical talk of the stupid.

To reunify the country excluding the Communists of Korea, the true patriots who devotedly fight to achieve the reunification of the country and the grandeur and prosperity of the nation taking the immortal Juche idea as their firm creed is, in fact, to reject reunification and leave south Korea forever in the hands of the US imperialists as their colony and military base.

With nothing can the Pak Jung Hi clique cover up or justify the anti-popular and treacherous nature of all the manoeuvres they are now carrying on.

The more madly the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique carry on "anti-communism" and the further they intensify the racket of military fascist repression and war provocation manoeuvres, the tighter the noose around their neck will become.

The Pak Jung Hi clique must take a sane look at reality and deport themselves with discretion.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must stop at once the frantic "anti-communist" racket aimed at fostering antagonism, confrontation and division.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must immediately revoke "emergency decree No. 9" and all other harsh fascist repressive decrees and guarantee democratic rights and freedom to the south Korean people.

The US imperialists try to intimidate someone with the ravings of "don't miscalculate" and "we warn" taking much pain to save from the abyss of ruin the Pak Jung Hi clique, their only puppet left in Asia. But this is nothing but the death-bed howling of the crippled wolf which can frighten no one.

The US authorities must immediately desist from recklessly egging the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique onto fascist repression, division and dangerous play with fire, give up their foolish aggressive design to retain their grip on south Korea as their permanent colony and military base and quit south Korea forthwith, taking along all their aggressor forces and lethal weapons.

The Japanese authorities must discontinue their foul act to benefit from partaking of the reckless manoeuvres of the south Korean puppets, asserting that the "security of south Korea is directly linked with that of Japan".

The July 4 North-South Joint Statement reflecting the unanimous aspiration of the Korean people must be observed unconditionally and strictly, the question of our country's reunification be solved on the three principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity and all treacherous acts of those who keep the nation split and oppose the independent and peaceful reunification of the country must not be tolerated in the least.

We will follow with a high degree of vigilance the grave happenings in south Korea.

If the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique persist in their "anti-communist" lunacy and reckless play with fire, defying the serious warnings of ours, they will perish for good in the flames they themselves kindled and face the stern judgement by history and people.

Pyongyang, May 19, 1975

Puppet Pak Jung Hi's "Emergency Decree No. 9"—Outcome of Last-minute Manoeuvres

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique published on May 13 the so-called "emergency decree No. 9" allegedly to "defend the national security".

It provides for prohibition upon the spreading of "false rumors". It is not allowed to reject, oppose, distort or vilify the fascist "revitalized" constitution. So are such acts as "calling for, petitioning for, agitating or propagandizing amendment or abrogation of the constitution", and the students' "assembly, demonstration and participation in politics." Slandering of the decree itself is likewise banned. Also prohibited by this fascist repressive law are all such acts as making known the "contents of the violation" of the provisions of taboo, "slipping out of south Korea" or "transferring properties overseas".

Under this repressive law the "ministers concerned" shall be authorised to exercise such fascist tyranny as "dismissing or removing from the register violators of the emergency decree No. 9, suspending the operation of their schools, organizations and business concerns and banning publication of their newspapers or magazines." The decree lays down: "Violators" of the decree shall be sentenced to prison terms and forfeiture extending up to ten years and the puppet troops be mobilized in suppressing the people.

True, the "emergency decree No. 9" is a sum-total of the notorious "emergency decrees" the south Korean puppets have so far proclaimed one after another. It is a Draconic law unprecedented in ferocity, barbarity and brutality, aimed at forcing the south Korean people and opposition parties, except their own, into absolute submission by leaving them without the least semblance of the freedom of speech.

We bitterly denounce the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their attempt to launch a diabolical reactionary offensive against the south Korean people on the strength of this most nefarious, man-hunting repressive law, branding them as killers of the nation and as fascist desperados, and we indict them to the whole world in the name of justice and humanitarianism.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"Encouraged by the successful socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, the people of all strata in south Korea are waging an increasingly dynamic struggle against fascism and for democracy, and the colonial military fascist rule of US imperialism and its stooges is sinking into a serious crisis."

The publication of the decree by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is a product of the ever-worsening, hopeless crisis in south Korea and of the last-ditch efforts of the traitors in death throes.

Now faced with catastrophic crisis, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are kicking and struggling as desperately as a mad dog under the devastating blows.

The south Korean people are waging a dynamic struggle against fascism and for democracy braving the harsh suppression under the "revitalized" dictatorship and the spearhead of this struggle is directed against the Pak Jung Hi clique for their destruction.

Scared by this, they are trying to find a way out in intensifying the fascist suppression against the people as never before under the cloak of "national security" and in kicking up the "anti-communist" racket and making noisy war preparations.

This, however, is only aggravating their crisis still more and fanning the people's pent-up resentment and indignation to an explosion.

Now that the downfall of puppet Pak Jung Hi only concerns question of time, a confusion arises within the puppet ruling circles, an increasing number of his partners have a distrust of him, and the anti-Pak sentiments are running higher even within the puppet army which this guy believed to be his last stronghold.

The successive ruin of the Indochinese puppets has inevitably produced an effect on men of the privileged classes. Now, aware of their imminent collapse, many of them are seeking for overseas shelters.

This is the background of the publication of the notorious decree.

To escape from their hopeless predicament the Pak Jung Hi clique are pursuing the insidious aim to maintain their fascist "revitalized" dictatorship and prolong their life even a little more by brandishing bayonets in great frenzy and making reckless war preparations.

On the strength of this decree the Pak Jung Hi clique are on the rampage to build war-time structure in south Korea, swooping down upon the democratic forces to stifle them and scheming to enlist all manpower and material resources for a new war.

It goes without saying that this decree was published under the wirepulling of the US imperialists now zealously trying to get the colonial fascist regime in south Korea out of crisis.

This is borne out by the statements of the bigwigs of the US imperialists that their "forward defence area" in south Korea and they will "continue to station" their aggressor troops in south Korea and "observe their military commitments" to south Korea.

They are instigating the puppets to tide over the crisis of their colonial rule so as to keep a hold on south Korea forever as an important stronghold for aggression and war.

No frantic, man-killing manoeuvres, however, can help the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to save themselves from the sealed fate.

Where there are exploitation and oppression, there is always resistance, and where there is resistance, the people's revolutionary struggle is bound to break out.

It is clearly to be seen from the anti-fascist, democratization struggle of the south Korean people.

The south Korean people will step up their struggle to counter the reactionary offensive of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits and punish them with an iron hand.

The Pak Jung Hi blackguards who are trying to find a way out in brandishing bayonets and playing with fire, going against the general trend of the times, will never escape from the stern judgement by history and people and will come to an ignominious end.

Li Jip

DPRK Foreign Ministry Spokesman

Strongly Denounces US Imperialists' Piratic Acts against Cambodia

The spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea released a statement on May 18 denouncing the US imperialists for ceaselessly perpetrating undisguised vicious aggressive acts against the Cambodian people who have just been liberated.

Recalling that the US imperialists infiltrated their spy ship "Mayaguez" deep into the territorial waters of Cambodia to perpetrate hostile espionage acts, the statement said: The people and their armed forces of Cambodia who had dealt a blow at every form of provocation of the US imperialists took this time, too, a determined step to seize the spy ship that illegally intruded into the territorial waters of their country.

This is a proper self-defensive measure taken by the Cambodian people for defending the sovereignty of the country and national dignity.

When their "Mayaguez" was seized, the US imperialists, with this as a pretext, amassed many warships in the waters off Cambodia and mobilized marines to conduct combat operations. They also mobilized air force to commit a barbaric bombing and strafing of the Cambodian territory and vessels.

This piratic act of the US imperialists is a premeditated vicious provocation against the Cambodian people, a highhanded encroachment upon their sovereignty and a challenge to all the peoples of the world who love peace and justice.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people vehemently denounce the US imperialists' piratic act as a continued crude infringement upon the sovereignty of Cambodia and fully support the unshakable principled stand and just demand of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia intended to firmly defend the security of the country and the gains of the revolution.

With no means or method can the US imperialists hold in check the triumphant advance of the Indochinese people who have become genuine masters of the country or realize their sinister aggressive design.

The US imperialists must withdraw all their aggressor forces that had been illegally infiltrated into the Cambodian territorial waters, halt their espionage and subversive acts against the Cambodian people and stop interfering with their just cause of building of an independent, peaceful, sovereign, neutral and non-aligned Cambodia.

If the US imperialists persist in their acts of aggression and interference against the Indochinese people defying the repeated warnings of the Cambodian people and all the peaceloving peoples of the world, they will not escape a more ignominious defeat.

In conclusion the statement stressed:

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will actively support and encourage in the future, too, the struggle of the heroic Cambodian people and their armed forces to consolidate the victory already won in the revolution and build a new motherland.

Gatherings Held to Support Palestinian People's Struggle

In our country mass rallies were held extensively on the occasion of the "week for supporting the struggle of the Palestinian people".

On the 15th a mass meeting supporting the struggle of the Palestinian people was held at the Moranbong Theatre in Pyongyang. Hung on the background of the platform of the meeting hall were flags of our country and the Palestinian Liberation Organization.

Present at the meeting together with working people in the city were Kim Gwan Sop, Chairman of the Korean Committee for Solidarity with the World People and Chairman of the Korean Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, and personages concerned Chon Myong Su, Hwang Nae Ik and Kim Yong Nam.

Invited there were diplomatic representatives of Arab countries in Pyongyang.

At the meeting Vice-Chairman Hwang Nae Ik of the Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity spoke first.

Touching on the success gained by the heroic Palestinian people and resistance fighters in their struggle and its significance and condemning the anti-Arab manoeuvres of the US imperialists and the Zionists, the speaker said that, with no amount of armed invasion, threat, conciliation and deception, can the enemy break the firm fighting spirit of the Palestinian and Arab peoples.

He manifested our people's determination to actively support and encourage the just cause of the Palestinian and Arab peoples.

Then the floor was taken by Marwan Hassan Abdullah, representative of the PLO to our country.

The meeting place was pervaded throughout with our people's feelings of militant solidarity for the Palestinian people fighting heroically with arms in their hands.

A letter to the Palestinian people was adopted at the meeting.

A gathering was also held on the 20th at the Kim Jong Tae Electric Locomotive Factory in support of the struggle of the Palestinian people. **(KCNA)**

Righteous Cause of African Peoples Certain to Triumph

May 25 marks the 12th anniversary of the establishment of the Organization of African Unity and the proclamation of the "Day of Freedom of Africa".

On this occasion our people express militant greetings to and solidarity with the African peoples who are energetically struggling for liberation and independence.

A great change took place in the continent of Africa in the ten or more years since the OAU was established as a reflection of the trend of independence of our time and the common desire and aspirations of the African peoples.

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"The African continent which was called 'colonial continent' and 'Dark Continent' in the past is turning today into a new continent shining with the bright rays of freedom and liberation. Colonialism is living its last hours on the African continent."

The African peoples had groaned under the yoke of imperialist rule for centuries. Through their arduous struggle, many countries in Africa have already broken the chains of colonialism and achieved national independence. Today they are consolidating political independence and building the national economy and national culture successfully, frustrating all sorts of subversive activities and sabotages of the imperialists.

Peoples who have not yet emancipated themselves are vigorously waging a sacred liberation struggle with arms in their hands. Through this struggle, the people of Guinea-Bissau won independence and the peoples of Angola, Mozambique, Sao Tome and Principe and Cape Verde Islands achieved agreements on independence in recent years.

Thanks to the heroic struggle of the African peoples, the last line of imperialism is being cut off in the continent of Africa and the day of complete liberation of this continent is about to come.

The African peoples who appeared as the master of their destiny exercise their legitimate sovereignty in the international arena, and their voices of justice raised at international conferences and organizations greatly contribute to breakup of the old international order and fair solution of international problems.

In particular, the struggle conducted by the governments and peoples of African countries in the international arena in support of the just stand of the Korean people for the country's independent reunification gives great encouragement to our people.

The imperialists, colonialists and racists are now making desperate efforts and resorting to all insidious manoeuvres to maintain the system of their domination in the continent of Africa at any cost. By no means, however, can they subdue the African peoples who are vigorously advancing under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

The African peoples who have risen up in their struggle with high consciousness and confidence as the master of history are now uniting still more closely under the lofty banner of the OAU and delivering collective counterblows to the colonialists by united strength.

In the future, too, as in the past, our people will stand firm on the side of the fighting African peoples and actively support their righteous struggle materially and morally.

The Korean people sincerely wish that the brave and industrious African peoples will completely wipe out colonialism and racism in the continent and build a new Africa, independent and prosperous.

Cho Son Won

Argentina Advances along Path of Independent Development

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"As long as the imperialists and comprador capitalists control the key branches of the economy, it is impossible to eliminate plunder and exploitation or expect the nation's independence and sovereignty, prosperity and development."

Having experienced through actual life that as long as the key branches of the economy is seized by the foreign imperialists, neither the independent development of the country nor the happy life of the people can be expected, the Argentine government and people are not only safeguarding their political sovereignty but also carrying on a vigorous struggle to destroy the foothold of foreign monopolies for plunder and develop the economy independently.

In order to put the "Argentinization" of economy into effect, the government and people continue to take measures to nationalize factories, enterprises, companies, banks and foreign trade. And they are controlling the penetration of foreign monopoly capital. They are also abrogating all sorts of subordinate and unequal "agreements" imposed upon them by the US imperialists and other imperialists, opposing and rejecting their economic pressure and interference and, after proclaiming the limit of their territorial waters as 200 miles, are firmly safeguarding it.

The government established joint enterprises to promote the development of the national industry and is tightening state control over grain, meat, petroleum products and other major items and over a series of economic branches.

In Argentina where the crude oil extracting branch is already nationalized, a law on nationalization of the marketing and distribution networks for petroleum and its products has been promulgated recently. As a result, over 3,800 establishments in this field, formerly owned by the US-led foreign imperialists, are in the hands of the Petroleum Resources Management Bureau, and foreign monopoly companies which had monopolized 40 per cent of the marketing of oil products to rake in stupendous profits were dealt a heavy blow. Recently the Argentine President issued an order to severely punish the US imperialist monopoly concern "Standard Electric C.A." and the West German monopoly concern "Siemens Aktiengesellschaft" which trampled down the contracts concluded with the Argentine state-run telegraph company and infringed upon the sovereignty of Argentina. The President promulgated a law on "Argentinizing" the production of telegraphic means of communication.

In Argentina economic construction is also making headway.

Revolutionary changes taking place in Argentina in keeping with the main trend of the present era, an era of independence, constitute a telling blow to imperialism, US imperialism in particular.

That is why the US imperialists are obstinately scheming to check the anti-imperialist, independent advance of Argentina.

But they can never arrest the just struggle of the Argentine government and people.

Upholding the President's declaration that Argentina should advance consistently along the path of independent development, the Argentine government, political parties, public organizations and people are taking resolute, concerted action against the manoeuvres of the US imperialists and right-wing reactionaries.

The Korean people firmly support their anti-imperialist, independent stand and wish them greater successes in their future struggle for defending national dignity and sovereignty.

Chin Bang Hun

S.Korean Puppet Army Commits Vicious Armed Provocation of Machine-gunning Our People's Army Soldiers

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have of late persisted still more in the new war provocation manoeuvres, vociferously talking about so-called "allout security" and "total war" in an attempt to bolster up the foundation of their rule faced with an extreme crisis.

Twice on May 17, at 11:45 and 12:19, they committed the vicious armed provocation of machine-gunning soldiers of the People's Army who were on their routine duty in the portion of our side in the Demilitarized Zone south of Mt. Osong-san.

As their internal crisis has become ever more serious these days, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are leaving no stone unturned to find a way out in aggravating the situation in the area along the Military Demarcation Line.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique had better act with discretion, clearly mindful of what consequences their reckless provocations will entail. **(KCNA)**

We Are Proud to Have Sudanese People as Our Friend

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"Geographically Korea and the Sudan are far apart from each other. However, the peoples of the two countries are very friendly and maintain a close relationship."

Oceans and continents lie between Korea and the Sudan. But the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of the two countries are further strengthening and developing day by day.

In 1969 when May Revolution was carried out in the Sudan, diplomatic relations were established between the two countries. With this as a turning-point, the mutual ties and understanding between Korea and the Sudan became close and deepened and the support and cooperation between the two peoples were further strengthened.

Especially, President Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri's visit to our country in August 1970 was an epochal occasion in further developing the traditional friendly and cooperative relations between the two peoples. The good impression left by President Nimeri's visit to our country is still fresh in our people's memories.

The militant friendship and close cooperation which band the two peoples together are precisely based on their similar past position and their present anti-imperialist independent desire.

So, our people have always resolutely supported the anti-imperialist revolutionary stand of the Sudanese people who have firmly defended the revolutionary gains in the six years following the victory of the May Revolution in the Sudan, while clearing away the evil aftermath of the imperialist colonial rule and smashing the enemy's destructive acts and sabotages; our people are rejoiced, as their own, at the successes made by the Sudanese people in the struggle to achieve national amity and unity and build an independent national economy and national culture.

In our country "Korea-Sudan friendship week" is set every year on the occasion of the day of the victory of the May Revolution of the Sudanese people. In this week, mass rallies and various other functions are held to warmly hail the successes achieved by the Sudanese people in the struggle against imperialism and for independence and deepen our people's feelings of friendship and solidarity with them.

The Sudanese government and people highly appreciate our successes made in the revolution and construction thanks to the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

In the Sudan, "Sudan-Korea friendship week" is designated in September every year in honour of the birthday of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and celebration meetings and various other events are held. And every year the "month of anti-US joint struggle for the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor forces from south Korea" is observed to express full support to and solidarity with the Korean people in their cause of national reunification. The Sudanese government and people conduct positive activities in support of our righteous struggle at the United Nations and other international forums, too. This inspires our people greatly.

No force can break the close bonds of friendship between our two peoples who are fighting shoulder to shoulder under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence, taking their destiny firmly in their own hands.

We Korean people are highly proud to have the Sudanese people as our close friend, comrade-in-arms and brother and are very pleased at the excellent development of the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

As hitherto, so in the future, our people will treasure the friendship and solidarity between both countries and make every endeavour to strengthen and develop them.

Chin Chol

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